

Stairs 6 – Chapter 2 Test 2 – Step 1 (Bokmål)

Listening Step 1

a. Sett kryss ved bildene som hører til teksten.



1



2



3



4

b. Sett T for true og F for false.

T/F

The reporter is from Eleven magazine	
The typical customer is an old man.	
The shop sells clothes.	
The shop is only for boys.	

Reading Step 1

Hello!

I am Lucas.

I am eleven years old.

I like to play football with my friends.

They are all boys from my school.

We often play outside my friend Oliver's house.

He has a big garden.

That's where we play.

We have two teams.

On each team, we have three players.

The match lasts for ten minutes.

The winning team gets ice cream.

The losing team gets a big chocolate bar to share.

a) Sett kryss i riktig rute.



b) Sett T for true of F for false.

T/F

Lucas is seven years old.	
There are five players on each team.	
Lucas and his friends play football in Oliver's garden.	
The winning team gets a chocolate bar.	

Grammar Step 1

There is / There are

Fyll ut med *are* eller *is*.

There _____ a dog in my room.

There _____ a bag under the table.

There _____ five roses in the garden.

There _____ many boys in my class.

Prepositions

Sett inn preposisjonene i riktig setning.

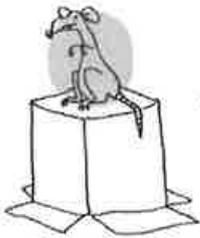
in, between, on, behind, over



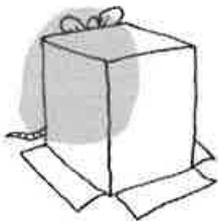
The rat is _____ the box.



The rat is _____ the boxes.



The rat is _____ the box.



The rat is _____ the box.

Some/any

Fyll ut med *some* eller *any*.

You have _____ milk in your glass.

He has _____ flowers.

Do you have _____ sisters?

Does she have _____ brothers?

I haven't got _____ shoes.

I haven't got _____ sisters.

Writing Step 1

Skriv spørsmål til en klassekamerat. Spør om hobbyer, familie eller noe du vet han eller hun er interessert i.

Bruk spørreordene.

Examples:

What is your favourite...?

Who is your ...?

Why are you ...?

Which team do you ...?

When do you ...?

How is your ...?

Stairs 6 – Chapter 2 Test 2 – Step 2 (bokmål)

Listening Step 2

Write T for true or F for false.

T/F

Eleven magazine visits a shop in London.	
Young men buy clothes from the shop.	
The clothes cost a lot of money.	
People like teachers and doctors shop there.	
The shop assistant loves famous people.	

Reading Step 2



Ask Sandra

Do you have a problem? Ask Sandra. She has been giving advice to teenagers for many years and she knows what to do in most situations.

Dear Sandra,

I have a problem. My parents say that I am too young to have my own phone. I am the only one in my class who doesn't have a phone. Mum and Dad say that I can use our home phone as much as I want, and I sometimes borrow my dad's phone when I'm out. They don't seem to see that a phone is a personal thing. All my friends have smart phones with all sorts of apps, and they always text each other and decide where to meet. I have to go on our computer for chatting and for using social media. It's just not fair! Why don't my parents see it?

Please help me! I really want one!

Olivia, 11

Dear Olivia,

Why don't you sit down and have a talk with your parents? Why do they think you are too young to have your own phone? Are you responsible enough to take care of it and not lose it? Can you afford to use one? Are you willing to spend your own money on a phone, and do you have enough money to buy one?

These are important questions, and you should be able to answer them if you want to have your own phone. If you can show them how responsible you are, and if you are willing to spend some of your own money on a phone, they might think again about getting you one.

I wish you good luck!

Sandra

Answer the questions.

What is Olivia's problem?

What do Olivia's friends use their phones for?

What does Sandra think Olivia should do?

Do you agree with Sandra? Explain why or why not.

Grammar Step 2

There is / There are

Write *is* or *are* in the sentences.

Skriv inn *is* eller *are* i setningene.

There _____ a boy by the window.

In my room there _____ a bed.

On the wall there _____ two pictures.

In my class there _____ many girls.

Prepositions

Fill in the right preposition.

Skriv inn riktig preposisjon.



Grandma is sitting _____ her chair.



The cat is standing _____ the chair and the table.



My brother is standing _____ _____ _____ the door.



The dog is hiding _____ the tree.



The airplane is flying _____ the city.



The cat is sleeping _____ the sofa.

Some/any

Fill in *some* or *any* in the sentences.

Skriv inn *some* eller *any* i setningene.

I have _____ post for you.

Do you have _____ letters for me?

No, I haven't got _____ letters for you.

Writing Step 2

Interview

Prepare questions to an interview with a classmate or someone else.

topic	questions
Example	<i>When is your birthday?</i>
Family	<i>What are the names of your parents?</i> <i>Have you got any brothers or sisters?</i>
Favourite memory	<i>What is</i>
Hobbies and interests	<i>What is</i> <i>What do you like</i>
Favourite place to be <i>(write two questions)</i>	<i>Where</i>
Your idol <i>(write two questions)</i>	<i>Who</i>
Hobbies and interests <i>(write to questions)</i>	<i>What</i> <i>How</i>
Best subject at school	<i>What</i>

Stairs 6 – Chapter 2 Test 2 – Step 3 (Bokmål)

Listening Step 3

Answer the questions.

Who is visiting the shop in London?

Answer: _____

What can you buy from the shop?

Answer: _____

When is the busiest time of the day?

Answer: _____

Who is their typical customer?

Answer: _____

What does the shop assistant like about the job?

Answer: _____

Reading Step 3

Film review: *Frozen*



Sarah has been to see the Disney movie, *Frozen*. She has written a review.

The Disney movie *Frozen* was first released in November 2013. It is loosely based on the story *The snow queen* by Hans Christian Andersen.

The story is set in a fantasy land called Arendelle. It looks a lot like Norway with high mountains and icy fjords. There is a castle with a King and Queen. They have two young daughters, Elsa and Anna. Elsa has special powers. She can make things freeze. Having power is fun, but dangerous, too. As a young girl, Elsa does not know how to control her powers.

One day, Elsa hurts Anna with her ice. She hits Anna in the head, and Anna is frozen. Their parents take Anna to the mountain trolls for the troll king to heal her. The troll king says that as long as it is the head not the heart, she will be OK. She is no longer frozen.

Sadly, the King and Queen of Arendelle die when they are on a journey. Elsa becomes queen of Arendelle. Anna falls in love with a young prince. She wants to marry him, but is he right for her? Elsa says Anna is not allowed to marry him. They have a big argument, and during that, Elsa reveals her powers. Everyone gets scared, and Elsa escapes to the North Mountain. Anna goes on a quest to find her.

On her way to reconnect with Elsa, Anna meets Kristoff and his reindeer Sven. Kristoff and Sven help Anna find Elsa, to rescue Arendelle, which is buried in deep snow and eternal winter.

In a moment of despair, Elsa hits Anna in the heart, and Anna is weakening. The only cure for her is true love. Will she ever get well? Will the sisters become friends again and will Anna find the right man for her?

See the movie and find out!

You might find it a girlish movie, but there are funny male characters here, too. Olaf the snowman is great, and so is Kristoff and his reindeer Sven.

I give it 5 out of 6 stars.

Answer the questions.

When was the film *Frozen* made?

Who are the main characters in the film?

What is special about Elsa?

Why can someone think this is a movie for girls?

Name some of the male characters in the movie. <

Grammar Step 3

There is / There are

Fill in *is* or *are*.

In my classroom there _____ lots of chairs.

There _____ a boy by the window.

In my room there _____ several books.

In the fence there _____ a hole.

Prepositions

Fill in the missing prepositions.

Grandma is sitting _____ her chair.

The man is standing _____ the car and the house.

My brother is sitting _____ the TV.

The dog hides _____ the bushes.

The aeroplane flies _____ the city.

I have a letter _____ you. It says _____ Martin _____ aunt Betsy.

Some/any

Fill in *some* or *any*.

I have _____ post for you.

Do you have _____ letters for me?

No, I haven't got _____ letters for you.

Would you like _____ tea?

Writing Step 3

Questions

You have got a new neighbour.

You want to find out as much as you can about him/her.

Ask between 8-10 questions to your new neighbour.

Use **what, who, when, why, how, which**, when writing your questions.